

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 405, nays 16, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 815]

YEAS—405

Adams	Crenshaw	Higgins
Aderholt	Critz	Himes
Akin	Crowley	Hinojosa
Alexander	Cuellar	Hirono
Altmire	Culberson	Hochul
Amash	Cummings	Holden
Amodi	Davis (CA)	Holt
Andrews	Davis (IL)	Honda
Austria	Davis (KY)	Hoyer
Baca	DeFazio	Huelskamp
Bachus	DeGette	Huizenga (MI)
Baldwin	DeLauro	Hultgren
Barletta	Denham	Hunter
Barrow	Dent	Hurt
Bartlett	DesJarlais	Inslie
Barton (TX)	Deutch	Israel
Bass (CA)	Diaz-Balart	Issa
Bass (NH)	Dicks	Jackson (IL)
Becerra	Dingell	Jenkins
Benishek	Doggett	Johnson (GA)
Berg	Dold	Johnson (OH)
Berkley	Donnelly (IN)	Johnson, E. B.
Berman	Doyle	Johnson, Sam
Biggert	Dreier	Jones
Bilbray	Duffy	Jordan
Bilirakis	Duncan (SC)	Kaptur
Bishop (GA)	Duncan (TN)	Keating
Bishop (NY)	Ellison	Kelly
Bishop (UT)	Ellmers	Kildee
Black	Emerson	Kind
Blackburn	Engel	King (IA)
Blumenauer	Eshoo	King (NY)
Bonner	Farenthold	Kingston
Bono Mack	Farr	Kinzinger (IL)
Boren	Fattah	Kissell
Boswell	Filner	Kline
Boustany	Fincher	Labrador
Brady (PA)	Fitzpatrick	Lamborn
Brady (TX)	Flake	Lance
Braley (IA)	Fleischmann	Landry
Brooks	Fleming	Langevin
Broun (GA)	Flores	Lankford
Brown (FL)	Forbes	Larsen (WA)
Buchanan	Fortenberry	Larson (CT)
Buchson	Fox	Latham
Buerkle	Frank (MA)	LaTourette
Burgess	Franks (AZ)	Latta
Burton (IN)	Frelinghuysen	Levin
Butterfield	Gallegly	Lewis (CA)
Calvert	Garamendi	Lewis (GA)
Camp	Gardner	Lipinski
Campbell	Garrett	LoBiondo
Canseco	Gerlach	Loebsack
Cantor	Gibbs	Long
Capito	Gibson	Lowe
Capps	Gingrey (GA)	Lucas
Capuano	Gohmert	Luetkemeyer
Cardoza	Gonzalez	Lujan
Carnahan	Goodlatte	Lummis
Carney	Gosar	Lungren, Daniel
Carson (IN)	Gowdy	E.
Carter	Granger	Lynch
Cassidy	Graves (GA)	Mack
Castor (FL)	Graves (MO)	Maloney
Chabot	Green, Al	Manzullo
Chaffetz	Green, Gene	Marchant
Chandler	Griffin (AR)	Marino
Chu	Griffith (VA)	Markey
Cicilline	Grijalva	Matheson
Clarke (MI)	Guinta	Matsui
Clay	Guthrie	McCarthy (CA)
Cleaver	Hahn	McCarthy (NY)
Clyburn	Hall	McCaul
Coble	Hanabusa	McClintock
Coffman (CO)	Hanna	McCollum
Cohen	Harper	McCotter
Cole	Harris	McDermott
Conaway	Hartzler	McGovern
Connolly (VA)	Hastings (FL)	McHenry
Conyers	Hastings (WA)	McIntyre
Cooper	Hayworth	McKeon
Costa	Heck	McKinley
Costello	Heinrich	McMorris
Courtney	Hensarling	Rodgers
Cravaack	Herger	McNerney
Crawford	Herrera Beutler	Meehan

Meeks	Renacci	Sires
Mica	Reyes	Slaughter
Michaud	Ribble	Smith (NE)
Miller (FL)	Richardson	Smith (NJ)
Miller (MI)	Rigell	Smith (TX)
Miller (NC)	Rivera	Smith (WA)
Miller, George	Roby	Southerland
Moore	Roe (TN)	Speier
Moran	Rogers (AL)	Stearns
Mulvaney	Rogers (KY)	Stivers
Murphy (CT)	Rogers (MI)	Stutzman
Murphy (PA)	Rohrabacher	Sullivan
Myrick	Rokita	Sutton
Nadler	Rooney	Terry
Napolitano	Ros-Lehtinen	Thompson (CA)
Neal	Roskam	Thompson (PA)
Neugebauer	Ross (AR)	Thornberry
Noem	Ross (FL)	Tiberi
Nugent	Rothman (NJ)	Tierney
Nunes	Roybal-Allard	Tipton
Nunnelee	Royce	Tonko
Olson	Runyan	Towns
Owens	Ruppersberger	Tsongas
Palazzo	Rush	Turner (NY)
Pallone	Ryan (OH)	Turner (OH)
Pascarell	Ryan (WI)	Upton
Pastor (AZ)	Sánchez, Linda	Van Hollen
Paul	T.	Velázquez
Paulsen	Sanchez, Loretta	Walberg
Pearce	Sarbanes	Walden
Pelosi	Scalise	Walsh (IL)
Pence	Schiff	Walz (MN)
Perlmutter	Schilling	Wasserman
Peters	Schmidt	Schultz
Peterson	Schock	Watt
Petri	Schrader	Waxman
Pingree (ME)	Schwartz	Webster
Pitts	Schweikert	Welch
Platts	Scott (SC)	West
Poe (TX)	Scott (VA)	Westmoreland
Pompeo	Scott, Austin	Whitfield
Possey	Scott, David	Wilson (SC)
Price (GA)	Sensenbrenner	Wittman
Price (NC)	Serrano	Wolf
Quayle	Sessions	Womack
Quigley	Sewell	Yarmuth
Rahall	Sherman	Yoder
Rangel	Shinkus	Young (FL)
Reed	Shuler	Young (IN)
Rehberg	Shuster	
Reichert	Simpson	

NAYS—16

Clarke (NY)	Kucinich	Schakowsky
Edwards	Lee (CA)	Stark
Fudge	Lofgren, Zoe	Thompson (MS)
Gutierrez	Olver	Waters
Jackson Lee	Payne	Woolsey
(TX)	Richmond	

NOT VOTING—12

Ackerman	Hinchey	Visclosky
Bachmann	Johnson (IL)	Wilson (FL)
Giffords	Miller, Gary	Woodall
Grimm	Polis	Young (AK)

□ 1145

Ms. BASS of California and Mr. RUSH changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. GRIMM. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 815, I had district work that required my presence. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

Mr. JOHNSON of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, on Thursday October 27, 2011 I inadvertently missed the vote on final passage of H.R. 674. I would have cast a “yea” vote.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. VISCLOSKY. Mr. Speaker, on October 27, 2011, I was absent from the House and missed rollcall votes 813 through 815.

Had I been present for rollcall No. 813, on passage of H.R. 2576, to amend the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the calculation of modified adjusted gross income for purposes for determining eligibility for certain healthcare-related programs, I would have voted “no.”

Had I been present for rollcall No. 814, on a motion to recommit with instructions on H.R. 674, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the imposition of 3 percent withholding on certain payments made to vendors by government entities, I would have voted “aye.”

Had I been present for rollcall No. 815, on passage of H.R. 674, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the imposition of 3 percent withholding on certain payments made to vendors by government entities, I would have voted “aye.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(b) of House Resolution 448, H.R. 2576 is laid upon the table.

#### ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 2011

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 1 p.m. on Monday next.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. AMASH). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

#### FORMER MEMBER HOWARD WOLPE

(Mr. DINGELL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. DINGELL. Mr. Speaker, I have sad news for the House today. I rise to inform the House that we lost a former Member of this great institution. He was our friend, Howard Wolpe, who served in this body for 14 years. He was particularly known for his concern for the poor and unfortunate and about peace in the world.

He was a true patriot, a devoted teacher, and a fine statesman. He was a dear friend of mine and many others with whom he served. He shared our collective love for this great Nation and for our State of Michigan. He had an enormous impact upon public policy in Michigan and our country, as well as across the world, which was a positive one. He contributed most of his life to bringing civility to government relations and to making this world a better place—a passion that I was able to witness during his long and distinguished service here.

He served Michigan ably and honorably and went on to serve as the Presidential Special Envoy to Africa's Great Lakes Region, where he initiated peace talks and helped to end civil wars in Burundi and the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

#### ROY ROOD

(Mr. ROONEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ROONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Roy Rood, who passed away on October 8. Roy was a longtime resident and the founding father of my hometown of Tequesta, Florida.

Mr. Rood was born in 1918 on a farm in Jupiter, Florida, one of 11 children. He spent his early years on the family dairy farm, where he learned the value of a hard day's work and love for working outside. The first Tequesta post office was located on his family's property and was placed on maps of that era as a settlement called "Rood."

Following the attack on Pearl Harbor, Roy joined the Navy, where he served with honor in World War II as an aviation mechanic on an aircraft carrier that was part of the fleet that participated in the Battle of Guam. Following the war, Roy returned home to Florida, where he started a landscaping business that continues today.

Over the past 60 years, Roy Rood helped found American Legion Post 271, the local Kiwanis Club, the First Bank of Jupiter, and the Jupiter Christian School.

The residents of Tequesta are lucky to call Roy Rood our founding father. He will be missed.

#### THE MEMPHIS TIGERS

(Mr. COHEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. COHEN. Tonight is going to be the sixth game of the World Series. Sports means money, business, and jobs. The St. Louis economy has been spurred on by the World Series to where they're not cutting employees because they have had increased sales tax. It's the same way with college sports.

I want to encourage all the Big East presidents to consider the University of Memphis for membership. Memphis is a major city. It is the home of Federal Express, International Paper, and other major companies. We don't have a professional football team in Memphis. So if we get in the Big East, in essence, you are our professional football team and the city would rally around it, unlike in Dallas and Houston, where they have professional teams. The Big East is known for basketball.

Rick Pitino, the coach of our rival, the University of Louisville, has suggested Memphis should be in the conference to keep the Big East as a primary basketball conference. What a great thing to see Memphis and Louisville again in a conference game.

We ought to be beyond just dollars—although Memphis can bring them—but also competitive rivalries that make the sport what it has been in the American appetite. I encourage the Big East to include the University of Memphis in its expansion plans.

#### SERGEANT ROBERT B. COWDREY

(Mr. TIPTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. TIPTON. Mr. Speaker, it is a great privilege to rise in commendation of Sergeant Robert B. Cowdrey, who served our country with great honor and pride. Sergeant Cowdrey gave his life for our country on October 13 while attempting a helicopter rescue of his fellow soldiers under fire.

Sergeant Cowdrey was raised in La Junta, Colorado. He graduated from La Junta High School in 1990. He was a devoted outdoorsman and family man who enjoyed bow hunting. Cowdrey enlisted in the Army in 2003 and was serving his third tour of duty in Afghanistan at the time of his death. Sergeant Cowdrey's duties included flying into active combat zones to deliver medical assistance and rescue troops while under fire. He was highly decorated for his heroic service, earning the Bronze Star and two Army commendations for valor.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Sergeant Cowdrey, a selfless American hero whose bravery and sacrifice for our country are examples of what makes this country great. My thoughts and prayers are with his wife, Jill, and their three sons, Justin, Jacob, and Nathan, and the entire Cowdrey family.

□ 1150

#### JOB CREATION

(Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I am delighted to rise to indicate that we have an opportunity to be good Americans and to be the kind of resilient, strong, patriotic Nation that all of us love. We love this country.

I gathered this morning with a group of leaders who addressed the question of working issues, union leaders. Every last one of them said, let us create jobs, jobs in America. Part of it could be passing the jobs bill that the President has introduced dealing with the question of infrastructure. One Member who was coming to the meeting said, I was late because of our infrastructure problems. This would create jobs, bring back our law enforcement, police officers and teachers, where classrooms are going up and up and up in size because we don't have enough teachers.

And as you well know, the President has announced that we will be bringing home our valiant troops from Iraq. 150,000 of these young people that will need jobs. Let's get them in a training program where they have to get a stipend that will help support them, legislation that I have introduced.

This last bill that I had to vote against, it's sad that we would take Medicaid to help our small businesses and our vendors, whereas 2 years ago I voted on it because we used the stimulus funds to do so. There are many pay-fors to help small businesses, but what we need to do is to focus on paying and creating—paying people, Amer-

icans, so they can eat and put food on their table. We need to create jobs and stop taking money from Medicaid, Medicare, and Social Security.

Let's all work together, pull together, balance this budget on the basis of the fact that the Nation is not broke. We can do this.

#### JOB CREATION

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, not only can we not wait; we can't afford to wait. And here in the House, we haven't waited.

With this week's passage of H.R. 1904, the Southeast Arizona Land Exchange and Conservation Act of 2011, and H.R. 674, the repeal of the 3 percent withholding rule on certain payments made to vendors by government entities, the House Chamber now has passed more than 17 job-creating bills in the 112th Congress.

H.R. 1904 will boost development of our Nation's copper resources, generating billions in new revenue and creating new environments for economic growth. Much like the costly Form 1099 requirements that we succeeded in repealing earlier this year, the 3 percent withholding rule would impose substantial new burdens on cash-strapped employers, impeding cash flows and further undermining job creation.

Passage of H.R. 674 will not only create jobs; it will relieve Federal, State and local governments of the need to comply with unfunded administrative burdens that the rule would impose.

Mr. Speaker, not only can we not wait; we cannot afford to wait. And here in the House, we haven't waited.

#### VOW ACT

(Mr. NUGENT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. NUGENT. Mr. Speaker, on October 12, 2011, the House took an important step in addressing the alarming number of unemployed veterans currently living within the United States by passing the Veterans Opportunity to Work Act.

Known as the VOW Act, this legislation will confront the rising unemployment problems that our veterans in the U.S. are facing by providing veterans of past eras with additional training benefits, ensuring all transitioning servicemembers have access to a transition assistance program, and by strengthening protections under USERRA for our National Guard and Reserve troops. As a father of three sons currently serving in the United States Army, I have a deep appreciation for the service our men and women in uniform have given to this country.

Additionally, one of my priorities when I came to Washington was to ensure that when our troops return home,